**CHAPTER 17 - 18 STUDY GUIDE**

1. **Great Railway Strike**
2. **Labor Movement Comparisons**

**Labor Unions**

1. Knights of Labor, 1869
2. American Federation of Labor, 1886
3. Industrial Workers of the World, 1905

**Strikes**

1. 1877 Great Railroad Strike
2. 1886 Haymarket Square
3. 1892 Homestead Strike
4. 1893-94 Coxey’s Army
5. 1894 Pullman Strike
6. 1911 International Lades' Garment Workers Union (ILGWU)
7. 1912 Bread and Roses
8. 1914 Ludlow, Colorado

1. Identify3 strikes where a governor or president used a militia or federal troops?  What was the impact?  
 2.What are2 strikes that involved women?  What was the outcome?  
3. What are 3 reforms that most of the strikes demanded?    
4. How does the membership of the Knights of Labor, AFL, and IWW differ?

1. **Populist Movement:**

* "Problems of the Farmers" (What were major complaints of farmers?)
* Populist platform

1. **Election of 1896:**   
   (William Jennings Bryan / William McKinley - party, platform (gold standard vs free silver), result
2. **Jim Crow South**: Plessy v Ferguson Supreme Court Case, Ida B. Wells anti-lynching campaign
3. **Immigration:**   
   CH. 17 - Immigration Restriction League (literacy tests, nativism), Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882  
   CH. 18 - "new" and "old" immigration, Ellis Island and Angel Island, Birds of Passage
4. **Spanish American War:**
5. What led to war? <http://www.ushistory.org/us/44c.asp>

* Spanish treatment of Cubans Harsh:
* Yellow Journalists
* Economic interests – markets for American goods
* Spanish Ambassador Enrique Dupuy de Lome’s Letter:
* Explosion of the USS Maine:

2. What is yellow journalism and its impact on the Spanish-American war?

1. What is the Teller Amendment?
2. What territories did the US gain control of following the Spanish-American War?
3. What is the Platt Amendment?
4. What did the Supreme Court decide in the “Insular Cases”?
5. Why did America promote expansionism?
6. **Triangle Shirtwaist Factory Fire**: (causes, safety issues, workers, outcome)
7. **Progressive Reforms & Reformers:** Muckrakers (Lewis Hines, Lincoln Steffens, Ida Tarbell, Upton Sinclair, Jacob Riis), Jane Addams
8. **Mass Consumption**: (freedom, access to goods, mail-order catalogs, advertising and freedom)
9. **Entertainment:** vaudeville, nickelodeons
10. **Fordism**
11. **Muller v Oregon**
12. **Progressive Presidents:** Teddy Roosevelt, Taft, Wilson  
    Square Deal:

* Sherman Anti-Trust Act
* Role of government in the 1902 Coal Strike
* Impact of the Elkins Act and Hepburn Act
* Impact of The Jungle by Upton Sinclair
* Conservation agenda

Election of 1912: Candidates, Issues, Winner